

IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY

In order to make sound decisions concerning the future of Iowa lakes, it is important to understand how the lakes are used, as well as what factors influence your selection of lakes to visit. The answers you give to the questions in this survey are very important. Even if you have not visited any lakes in Iowa, please complete and return the questionnaire. It is critical to understand the characteristics and views of both those who use and those who do not use the lakes.

n this first section, we would like to find out which of the lakes on the enclosed map you visited and what you did there.

1.	Please indicate how often you or other members of your household visited each of the
	following lakes in the current year. If you have not visited any lakes in Iowa this year
	please check this box.

☐ I have not visited any lakes in Iowa this year.

In addition to recording the number of visits you took to each lake, if any, please indicate which of the lakes you *considered* visiting this year by marking the box in the second column.

We are very interested in your view of the water quality of Iowa's lakes. One way of thinking about water quality is to use a ladder like the one shown to the right of the list of lakes. The top of the water quality ladder stands for the best possible quality of water, while the bottom of the ladder stands for the worst. On the ladder you can see the different levels of water quality.

For example: the lowest level is so polluted that it has oil, raw sewage, and/or other things in it like trash; it has almost no plant or animal life, smells bad, and contact with it is dangerous to human health. Water quality that is "boatable" would not harm you if you happened to fall into it for a short time while boating or sailing. Water quality that is "fishable" is a higher level of quality than "boatable." Although some kinds of fish can live in boatable water, it is only when water is "fishable" that game fish like bass can live in it. Finally, "swimmable" water is of a high enough quality that it is safe to swim in and ingest in small amounts.

For any lake with which you are familiar, please indicate your assessment of the level of water quality associated with that lake by assigning a number between 0 and 10 that is based on the water quality ladder pictured. Familiar lakes include both those that you have visited this year as well as those you have visited in the recent past.

	Check if you have ever considered	Number of visits (January-December in 2005)		Water . Quality	
Name of lake (County)	visiting this lake	Single day	Overnight	Assessment	
Lake Ahquabi (Warren)		# (trips)	#(trips)	#	Water Quality Ladder
Lake Anita (Cass)		# (trips)	#(trips)	#	Best possible
Arbor Lake (Poweshiek)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	water quality
Arrowhead Lake (Pottawattamie)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	10 —
Arrowhead Pond (Sac)		#(trips)	# (trips)	#	
Avenue of the Saints Lake (Bremer)		# (trips)	#(trips)	#	Safe to drink
Badger Creek Lake (Madison)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
Badger Lake (Webster)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	Safe for
Beaver Lake (Dallas)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	B swimming
Beed's Lake (Franklin)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	Game fish
Big Creek Lake (Polk)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	IIKE DASS
Big Spirit Lake (Dickinson)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	can live in it
Black Hawk Lake (Sac)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	3 —
Blue Lake (Monona)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
Bob White Lake (Wayne)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	Okay for boating
Briggs Woods Lake (Hamilton)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
Brown's Lake (Woodbury)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	Dangerously
Brushy Creek Lake (Webster)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	polluted
Carter Lake (Pottawattamie)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	Worst possible
Casey Lake (aka Hickory Hills)					water quality
(Tama)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
Center Lake (Dickinson)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
Central Park Lake (Jones)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
Clear Lake (Cerro Gordo)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
Cold Springs Lake (Cass)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
Coralville Lake (Johnson)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
Lake Cornelia (Wright)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
Crawford Creek Impoundment (Ida)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
Crystal Lake (Hancock)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
Dale Maffitt Lake (Madison)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
Lake Darling (Washington)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
DeSoto Bend Lake (Harrison)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
Diamond Lake (Poweshiek)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
Dog Creek (Lake) (O'Brien)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
Don Williams Lake (Boone)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
East Lake (Osceola) (Clarke)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
East Okoboji Lake (Dickinson)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
Easter Lake (Polk)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
Eldred Sherwood Lake (Hancock)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
Five Island Lake (Palo Alto)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
Fogle Lake (Ringgold)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
Lake Geode (Henry)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
George Wyth Lake (Black Hawk)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	
Green Belt Lake (Black Hawk)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#	

Check if you (January-December have ever Water in 2005) considered Quality Single day Overnight visiting this lake Assessment Name of lake (County) Green Castle Lake (Marshall) Green Valley Lake (Union) (trips) (trips) # Greenfield Lake (Adair) Hannen Lake (Benton) # (trips) (trips) Hawthorn Lake (aka Barnes City) (Mahaska) Lake Hendricks (Howard) (trips) (trips) Hickory Grove Lake (Story) Hooper Area Pond (Warren) (trips) (trips) Lake Icaria (Adams) Indian Lake (Van Buren) # (trips) __(trips) Ingham Lake (Emmet) Lake Iowa (Iowa) # (trips) _(trips) Kent Park Lake (Johnson) #____(trips) Lake Keomah (Mahaska) (trips) (trips) Lacey Keosauqua Park Lake (VanBuren) Lake of the Hills (Scott) (trips) (trips) Lake of Three Fires (Taylor) Little River (Decatur) _(trips) ___(trips) Little Sioux Park Lake (Woodbury) #____(trips) Little Spirit Lake (Dickinson) (trips) (trips) Little Wall Lake (Hamilton) # __(trips) #____(trips) Littlefield Lake (Audubon) (trips) _(trips) Lost Island Lake (Palo Alto) Lower Gar Lake (Dickinson) # # _(trips) __(trips) Lower Pine Lake (Hardin) #____(trips) Lake Manawa (Pottawattamie) (trips) (trips) Manteno Lake (Shelby) # (trips) # (trips) Lake Macbride (Johnson) (trips) (trips) Mariposa Lake (Jasper) Meadow Lake (Adair) (trips) (trips) Lake Meyer (Winneshiek) Meyers Lake (Black Hawk) (trips) (trips) Lake Miami (Monroe) #____(trips) #____(trips) Mill Creek (Lake) (O'Brien) (trips) (trips) Lake Minnewashta (Dickinson) Mitchell Lake (Black Hawk) (trips) (trips) Moorhead Lake (Ida) Mormon Trail Lake (Adair) __(trips) (trips) Nelson Park Lake (Crawford) # (trips) # (trips) Nine Eagles Lake (Decatur) (trips) (trips) North Twin Lake (Calhoun)

_(trips)

#____(trips)

_(trips)

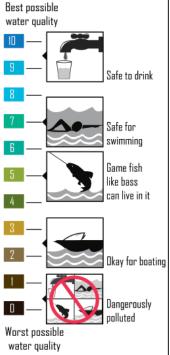
#___(trips)

Oldham Lake (Monona)

Lake Orient (Adair)

Number of visits

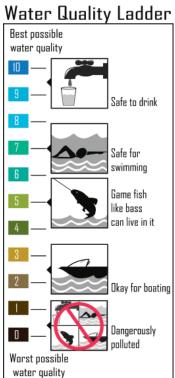
Water Quality Ladder



Check if you have ever considered Number of visits (January-December in 2005)

Water Quality

lame of lake (County)	considered ₋ visiting this lake	Single day	_ Quality Assessment	
Otter Creek Lake (Tama)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Ottumwa Lagoon (Wapello)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Lake Pahoja (Lyon)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Pierce Creek Lake (Page)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Pleasant Creek Lake (Linn)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Pollmiller Park Lake (Lee)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Prairie Rose Lake (Shelby)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Rathbun Lake (Appanoose)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Red Haw Lake (Lucas)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Red Rock Lake (Marion)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Roberts Creek Lake (Marion)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Rock Creek Lake (Jasper)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Rodgers Park Lake (Benton)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Saylorville Lake (Polk)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Silver Lake (Delaware)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Silver Lake (Dickinson)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Silver Lake (Palo Alto)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Silver Lake (Worth)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Slip Bluff Lake (Decatur)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Lake Smith (Kossuth)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
South Prairie Lake (Black Hawk)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Spring Lake (Greene)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Springbrook Lake (Guthrie)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Storm Lake including Little Storm Lake (Buena Vista)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Lake Sugema (Van Buren)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Swan Lake (Carroll)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Thayer Lake (Union)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Three Mile Lake (Union)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Trumbull Lake (Clay)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Tuttle Lake (Emmet)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Twelve Mile Creek Lake (Union)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Union Grove Lake (Tama)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Upper Gar Lake (Dickinson)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Upper Pine Lake (Hardin)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Viking Lake (Montgomery)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Volga Lake (Fayette)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Lake Wapello (Davis)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
West Okoboji Lake (Dickinson)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
West Osceola Lake (Clarke)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
White Oak Lake (Mahaska)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Williamson Pond (Lucas)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#
Willow Lake (Harrison)		#(trips)	#(trips)	#



Number of visits Check if you (January-December have ever Water in 2005) Quality considered Single day Overnight visiting this lake **Assessment** Name of lake (County) Wilson Park Lake (Taylor) Water Quality Ladder Windmill Lake (Taylor) _(trips) _(trips) Best possible Yellow Smoke Park Lake (Crawford) water quality Other Lakes in lowa (trips) (trips) Safe to drink Safe for swimming 2. Please indicate how often you or other members of your household visited lakes or rivers in each of the following locations this year. Game fish like bass Single-day visits Overnight visits can live in it Lakes in Illinois Lakes in Minnesota Okay for boating Lakes in Missouri Lakes in Nebraska Dangerously Lakes in South Dakota polluted Worst possible Lakes in Wisconsin water quality The Missouri River The Mississippi River Other Lakes and Rivers 3. What activities do you or members of your household typically participate in during your lake visits? Check all that apply. **□**Boating ☐ Jet skiing □ Nature Appreciation/wildlife viewing □Camping □Sailing ☐ Snowmobiling and other winter recreation ☐ Fishing □ Canoeing ■Swimming and beach use

□Hunting □Picnicking

□Other_

In the following sections we will ask you some questions about potential changes to the water quality of Briggs Woods Lake located in Hamilton County. First, however, we will give you some information on the current condition of the lake. Please read this information carefully before answering the questions that follow.

Briggs Woods Lake's Current Condition

The quality of a lake can be described in many ways. One measure of water quality is the clarity of the lake water. Water clarity is usually described in terms of how far

down into the water an object remains visible. The clarity of Briggs Woods Lake is currently between 5 and 11 feet. This means that objects are visible down to about 5 to

11 feet under the surface of the water.

Another measure of water quality is the amount of nutrients and other contaminants contained in the water. Water degradation can

result from a number of sources, including urban runoff, fertilizers used in agriculture, motor vehicles, and others. Currently nutrients contribute to the occurrence of algae blooms in the lake usually 3 to 6 times per year. Under some circumstances these

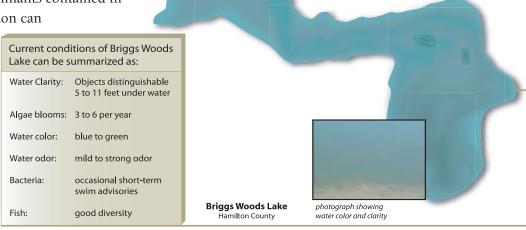
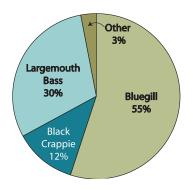


Figure 1. Current conditions of Briggs Woods Lake

blooms can be a health concern, causing skin rashes and allergic reactions. While Briggs Woods Lake is currently not regularly monitored, lakes with water quality measurements similar to those of Briggs Woods Lake had "swimming is not recommended" signs posted by the Iowa Department of Natural Resources for

anywhere from 4 to 8 weeks during a typical summer.



The overall quality of the water can affect other conditions of the lake. Poor water quality can result in an undesirable color and odor to the lake water. Currently, the color of Briggs Woods Lake varies between blue to green. The water often has a strong odor that many describe as "fishy" with periods of less mild odor.

Finally, the quality of the water affects the variety and quantity of fish in the lake. Currently, Briggs Woods Lake's overall fishing conditions are good for bluegill, crappie, and largemouth bass. Channel catfish also bit well last summer.

4. During the course of the current year (2006), how many trips do you expect to take to Briggs Woods Lake? _____trips in 2006.

In the next question, we will be asking you how you would vote on a special ballot regarding the water quality of Briggs Woods Lake. While there is currently no such ballot initiative, we would like you to respond as if you were actually voting on the initiative and as if this were the only alternative available for improving water quality in the lake. (In particular, assume that no state action will be undertaken unless the referendum passes.)

When you think about your answer, it is important to keep in mind that people may indicate that they would be willing to pay more money when payment is hypothetical than when they are immediately expected to pay. It may be easy for people to say that they support a project when they are not sure they will ever have to pay any money based on their response.

However, if the proposed payments are real and immediate, people may be more inclined to think about other options and what things they would have to give up to make this payment. So in answering the following questions, please keep in mind both the benefits of

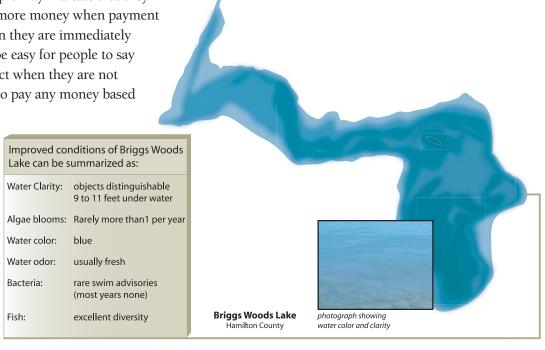


Figure 2. Conditions of Briggs Woods Lake following an improvement project

the water quality improvement and the impact that passage of such a referendum would have on your finances. In other words, please answer as if this were a real referendum.

Suppose that investments could be made to actually improve the quality of Briggs Woods Lake. These investments might include dredging, building protection strips along the edge of the lake to reduce runoff from the surrounding watershed or other structural changes to the lake and watershed. These changes would improve the lake over the next 5 years to the conditions described in Figure 2.

<<Finality>>

5.	Would you vote "yes" on a referendum to improve the water quality in Briggs Woods Lake to the level
	described here? The proposed project would cost you \$< <ncv_bid>> (payable in five \$<<nbid_div_5>></nbid_div_5></ncv_bid>
	installments over a five year period.)

□no □yes

6. How sure are you of this answer?

1 (not sure at all) 2 3 4 5 (certain)

6.	To help us better understand your answer, please indicate the single most important reason for your response to the preceding question:						
	☐ In general, the project is not a good use of my money						
	☐ In general, the project is a good use of my money						
	The project is not realistic or is unclear						
	The costs of the project should be paid for by those damaging the lake, not by me						
	☐ I already contribute to environmental causes as much as I can afford						
	□No one should have the right to damage the lake in the first place						
	Other						
7.	How many trips to Briggs Woods Lake would you make in the current year (2006) if the water quality at Briggs Woods Lake was improved by the amount described in Figure 2?trips in 2006.						
1	Information on you and other members of your household will help us better understand how household characteristics affect an individual's use of Iowa						
	lakes and attitudes towards changes in them. It will also help us to determine						
	ow representative our sample is of the state of Iowa. All of your answers are strictly						
	infidential. The information will only be used to report comparisons among groups of						
	cople. We will never identify individuals or households with their responses. Please be						
_	complete in your answers as possible. Thank you.						
8.	What is your age?						
	□Under 18 $\square 26 - 34$ $\square 50 - 59$ $\square 76 +$						
	$\Box 18 - 25$ $\Box 35 - 49$ $\Box 60 - 75$						
9.							
	Are you						
10	Are you □male □female						
10	•						
10	□male □female . What is the highest level of schooling that you have completed? (Please check only one)						
10	□male □female						
	□male □female . What is the highest level of schooling that you have completed? (Please check only one) □Some high school or less □Some college or trade/vocational school □Advanced degree □High school graduate □College graduate						
	□male □female . What is the highest level of schooling that you have completed? (Please check only one) □Some high school or less □Some college or trade/vocational school □Advanced degree						
11	□male □female . What is the highest level of schooling that you have completed? (Please check only one) □Some high school or less □Some college or trade/vocational school □Advanced degree □High school graduate □College graduate						
11 12	□male □female . What is the highest level of schooling that you have completed? (Please check only one) □Some high school or less □Some college or trade/vocational school □Advanced degree □High school graduate □College graduate . How many adults (including yourself) live in your household?						
11 12	□male □female . What is the highest level of schooling that you have completed? (Please check only one) □Some high school or less □Some college or trade/vocational school □Advanced degree □High school graduate □College graduate . How many adults (including yourself) live in your household? . How many children live in your household (18 or under)?						

15.	If you are currently employed, do you have the option of working additional hours to increase your total income?			
	☐no ☐yes—if so, what would your hourly wage be? \$per hour			
16.	If you answered "no" to question 15, and you could have the option of working more or less hours, which would you prefer?			
	□Work more hours □Work the same number of hours □Work fewer hours			
17.	What is your total household income (before taxes) for 2005?			
	\square Under \$10,000 \square \$25,000-\$29,999 \square \$50,000-\$59,999 \square \$125,000-\$149,999			
	\square \$10,000-\$14,999 \square \$30,000-\$34,999 \square \$60,000-\$74,999 \square Over \$150,000			
	□\$15,000-\$19,999 □\$35,000-\$39,999 □\$75,000-\$99,999			
	□\$20,000-\$24,999 □\$40,000-\$49,999 □\$100,000-\$124,999			
18.	Do you own a boat? □yes □no			
19.	How likely do you think it is that the results of surveys such as this one will affect decisions about water quality in Iowa lakes? 1 (no effect at all) 2 3 4 5 (definite effects)			
20.	How well informed are you about the general state of water quality in Iowa's lakes?			
	1 (not well informed at all) 2 3 4 5 (very knowledgeable)			
21.	How would you assess your knowledge of water quality in Iowa's lakes now, relative to three or four years ago?			
	1 (I know much less) 2 3 (I know about the same) 4 5 (I know much more)			
22.	In this survey, we have asked you about your usage of Iowa's lakes and your views about water quality improvements. Do you believe that you are likely to have other opportunities to express your views about water quality projects and programs?			
	1 (not likely at all) 2 3 4 5 (very likely)			

