

# Golden Eras and Farm Crisis: Are We Going to See a Replay of 1920s or 1980s Farm Crisis?

Wendong Zhang

Assistant Professor of Economics and Extension Economist

[wdzhang@iastate.edu](mailto:wdzhang@iastate.edu)

2016 NACC / NC-1177 Conference,  
Denver, CO, October 4<sup>th</sup>, 2016



30

## The new Mike Duffy since Aug 2015



29



# PALIMPSEST



Corn—a major source of Iowa land value.



## Iowa Land Values—1803-1967

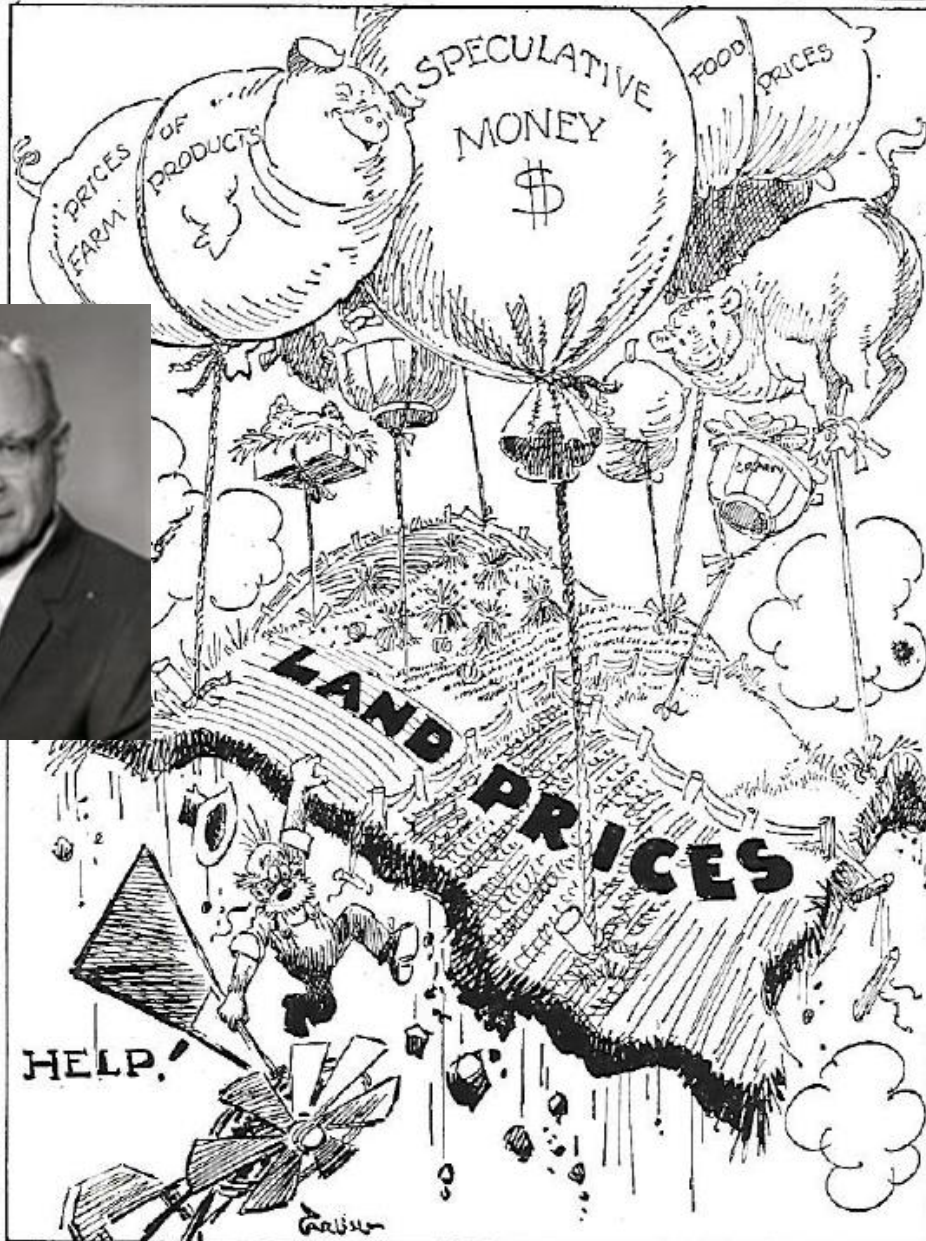
Published Monthly by

The State Historical Society of Iowa

Iowa City, Iowa

OCTOBER, 1967

SPECIAL EDITION — 50 CENTS



**IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY**  
Extension and Outreach

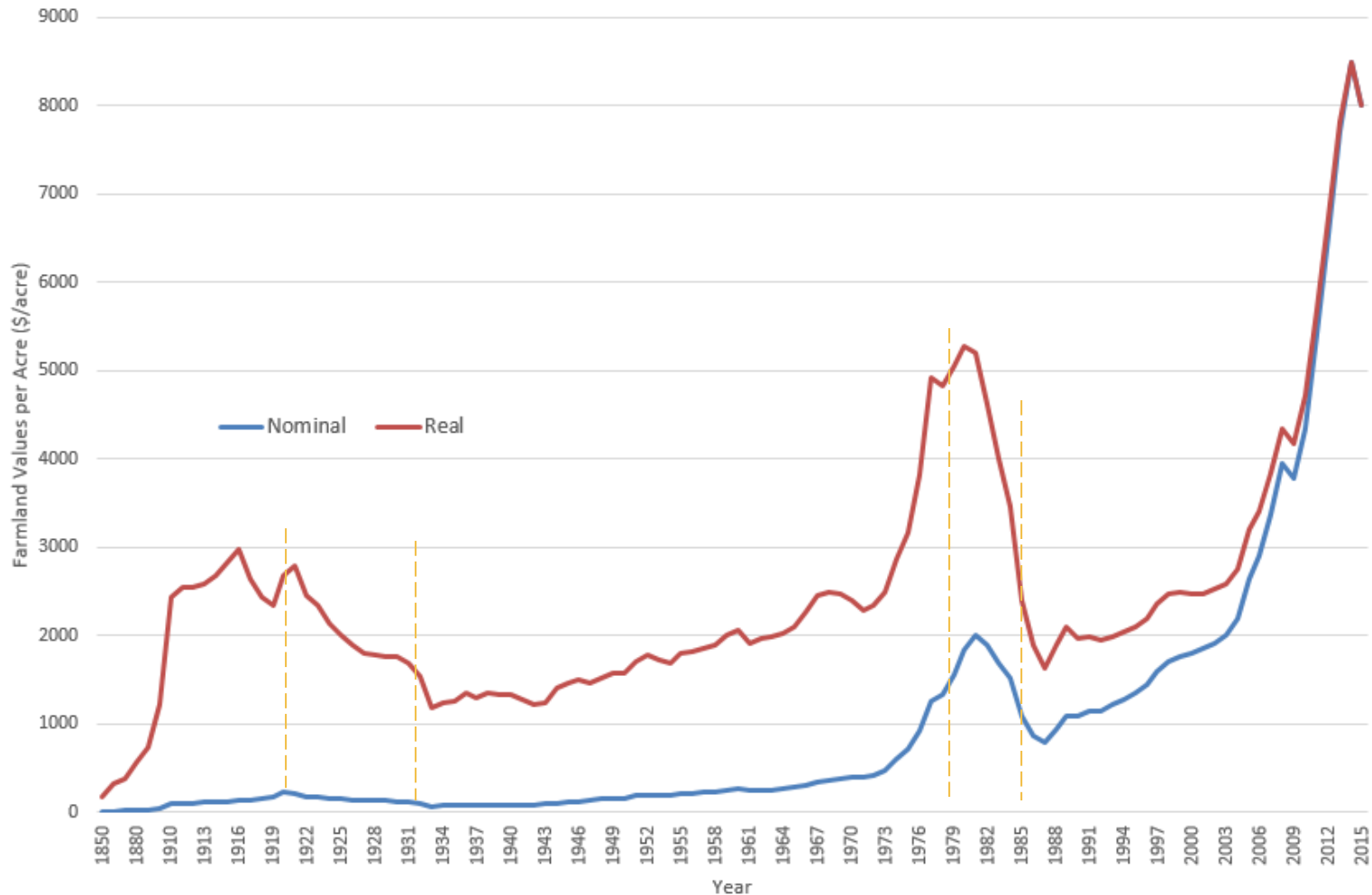
Source: Dr. William Murray 1967



**CARD**

Center for Agricultural and Rural Development

# Iowa Ag Real Estate Values 1850-2015



# What happened in the 1920s?

## And why do we care??

- Rising corn prices: \$.30/bu in 1900 to \$.60/bu in 1914
- New record for farmland values and investment, speculation → land boom: a farmer who bought at \$43/acre in 1900 saw the value at \$124/acre in 1914
- A sharp, unexpected decline in corn prices in 1919-1920: \$2/bu in 1919 summer to \$.41/bu in 1921
- Land buyers fail to pay off mortgages and farm mortgage foreclosures rose drastically in the 1920s, and then continue to rise following the Great Depression
- **Two Depressions: a long, drawn-out decline**





# Outline

- Positives
  - High income in pre-crisis “golden” eras
  - Low interest rate environment
  - Prudence among ag lenders and bank regulators
  - Wider, stronger (?) gov’n’t safety net
- Concerns
  - Deteriorating farm income and ag credit
  - High reliance on ag exports, US \$
  - Uncertainty in farmland supply and turnover
- Looking Ahead

# Positive 1: Real Income Accumulation 2003-2013

**Average % change in inflation-adjusted values per year**

## Golden Eras

|                  | <i>Land</i> | <i>Gross Income</i> | <i>Net Income</i> |
|------------------|-------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| <b>1910-1920</b> | 1.2%        | 0.8%                | 0.2%              |
| <b>1973-1981</b> | 9.7%        | 0.9%                | -3.2%             |
| <b>2003-2013</b> | 11.1%       | 4.5%                | 8.1%              |

## Crises and Declines

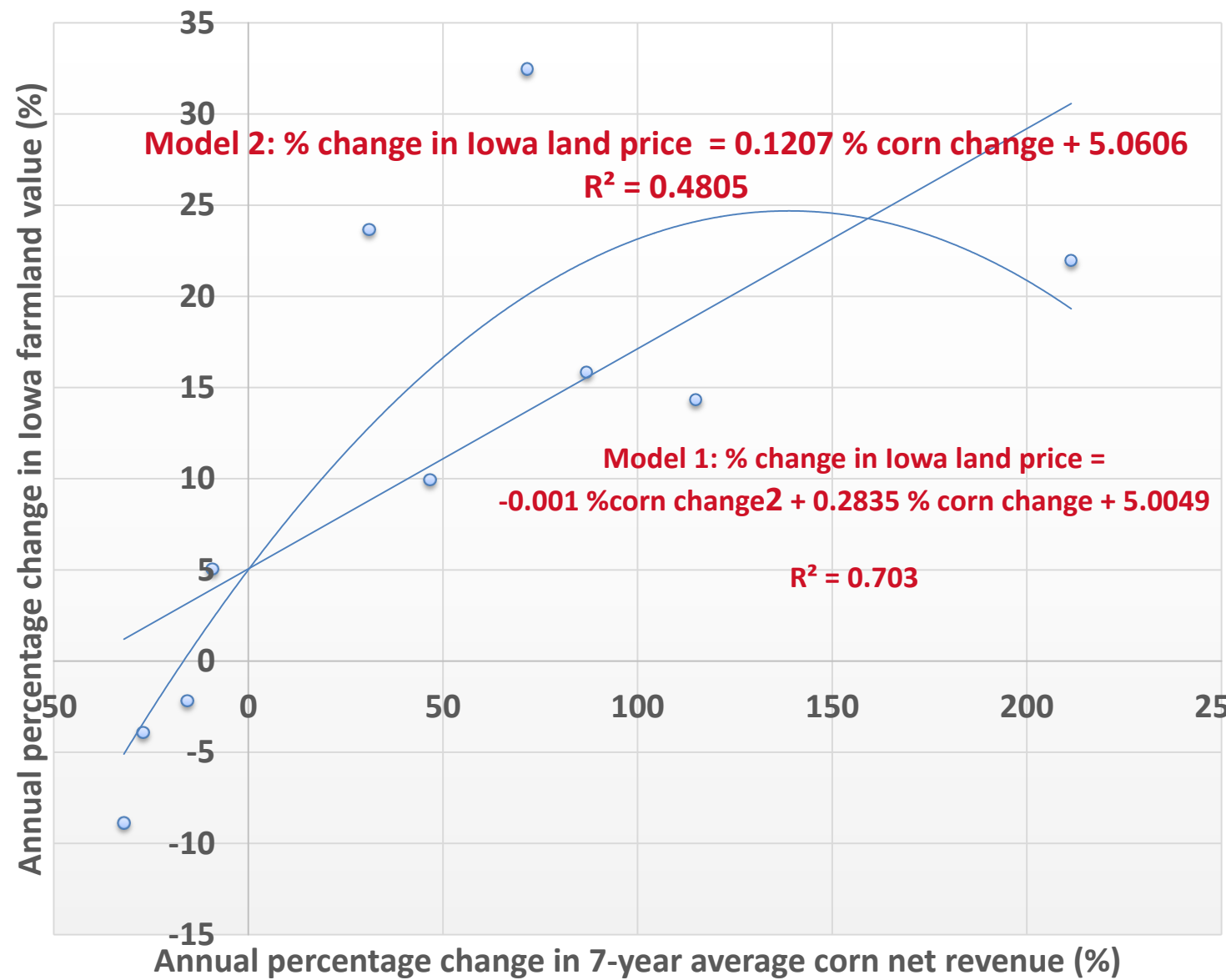
|                  | <i>Land</i> | <i>Gross Income</i> | <i>Net Income</i> |
|------------------|-------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| <b>1921-1933</b> | -5.8%       | -1.9%               | -1.0%             |
| <b>1981-1987</b> | -15.0%      | -2.5%               | 2.6%              |
| <b>2013-2016</b> | -6.0%*      | -2.7%               | -9.5%             |

**Positive 1:  
Income**

**Average  
Corn  
Return  
Changes**

**vs. Land  
Value  
Changes**

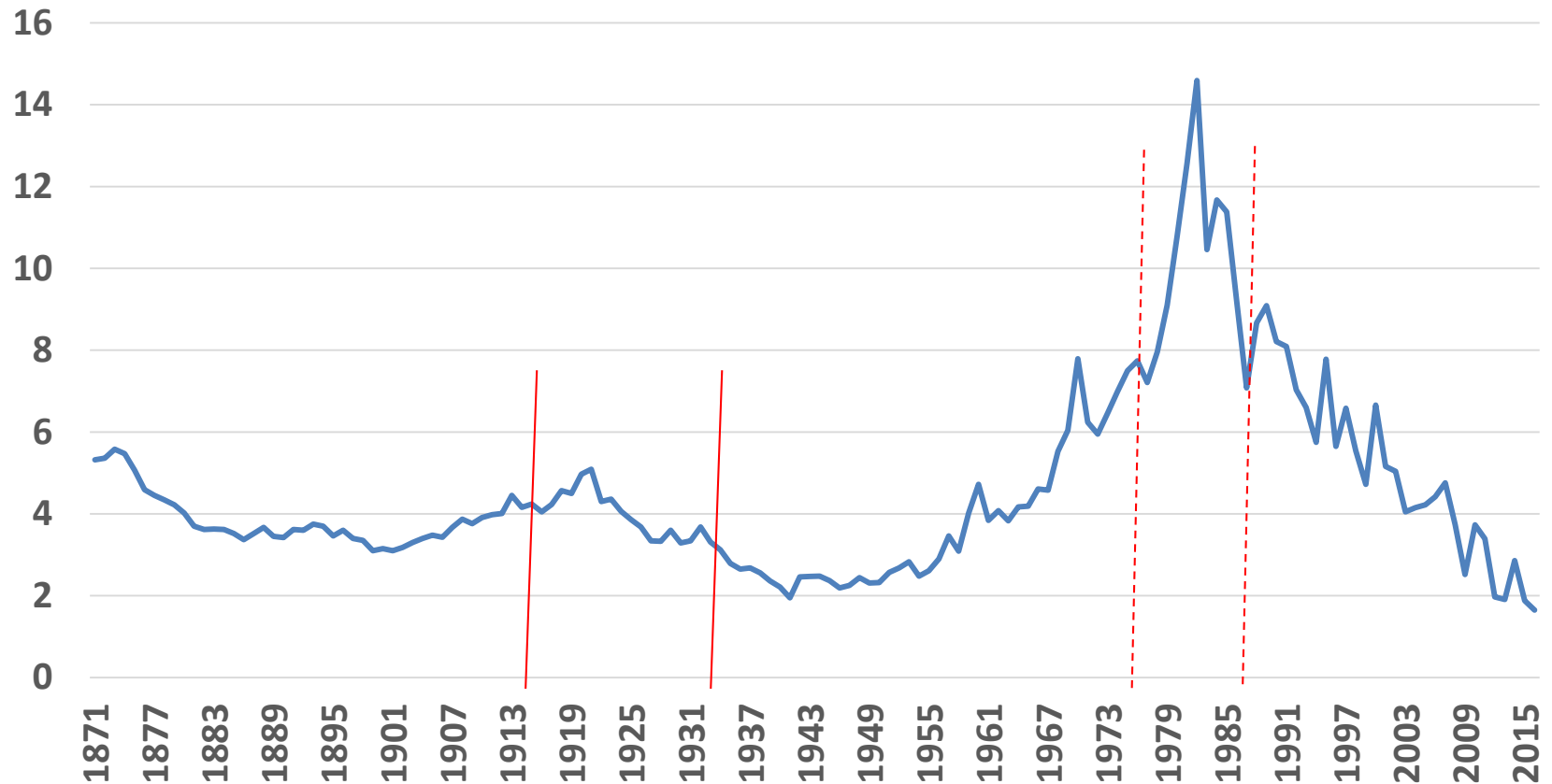
**2005-2015**



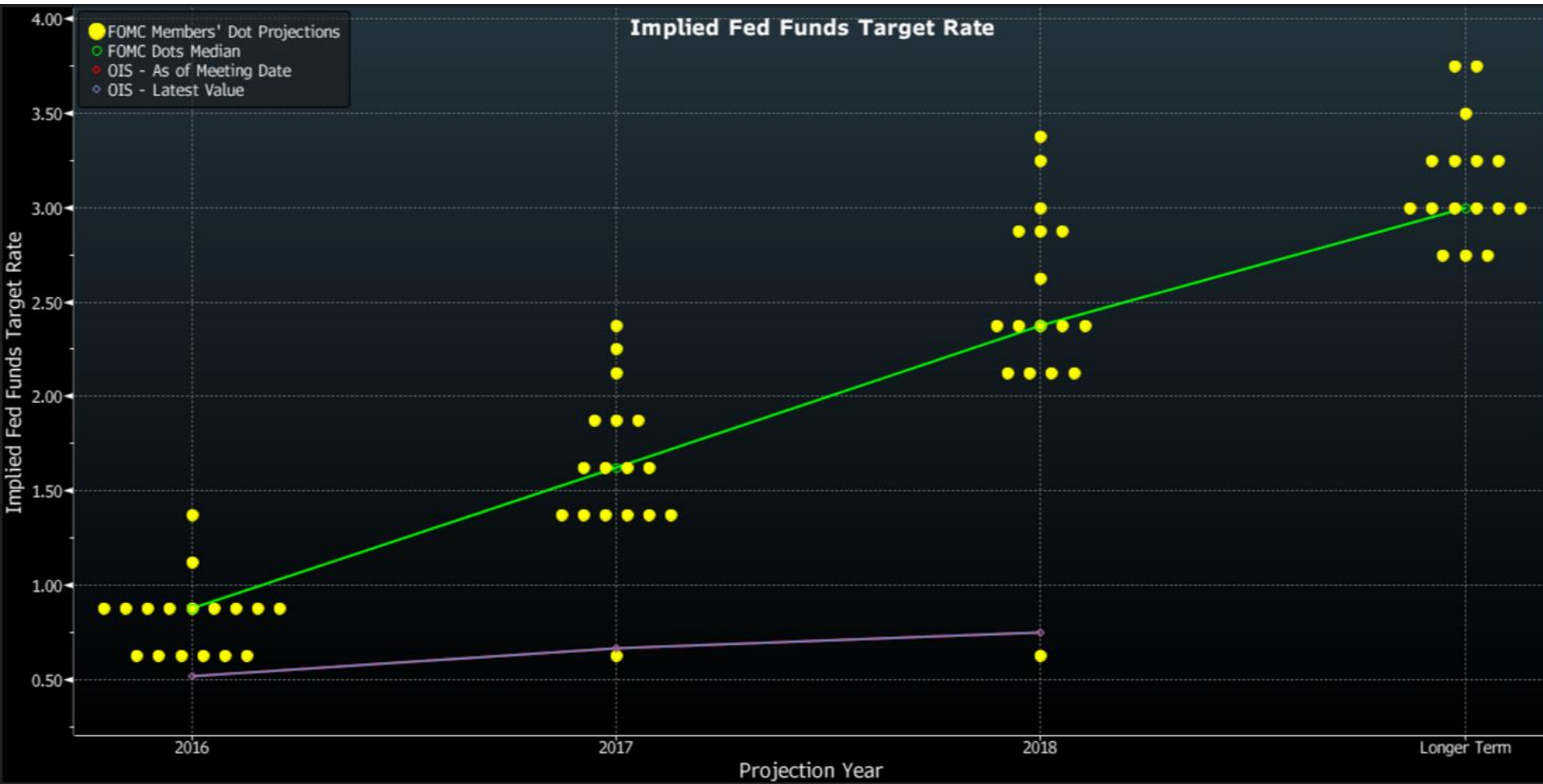


# Positive 2: Historically low interest rate

Ten-Year CMT Rate



# Positive 2: Historically low interest rate

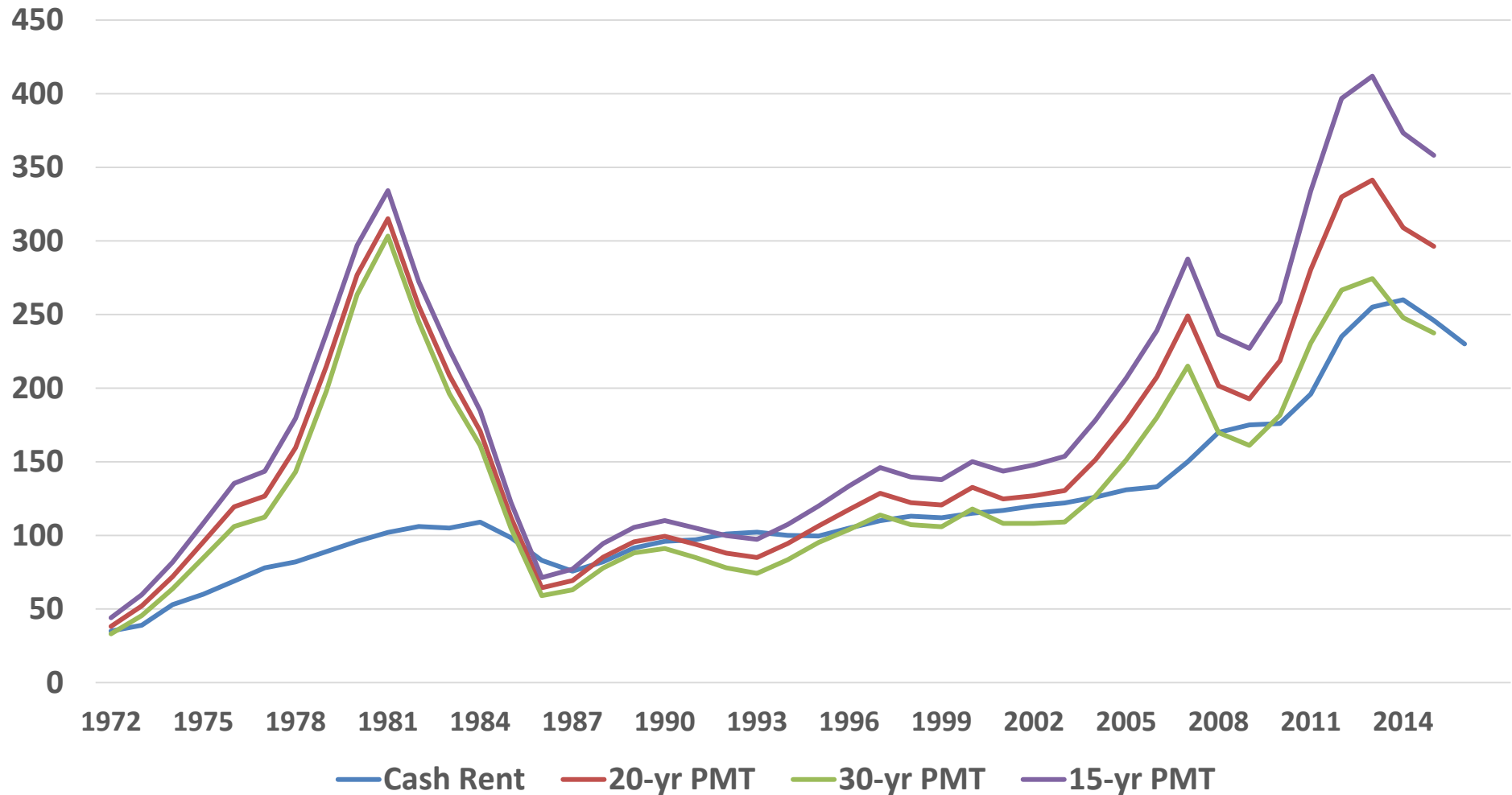


# Positive 3: Prudence in Ag Lenders/Regulators

- Banking Regulations
  - More stringent, frequent stress-test
  - BASEL III, liquidity requirements for banks
  - (Ron Hansen – Iowa Division of Banking Superintendent) walk into this “with eyes wide open”
- Changes in Loan Practices (FCS, Iowa)
  - Before 1987: loan to value ratio is 85%
  - 1987-2008: loan to value ratio is 65%
  - After 2008: use cash-flow method for collateral (\$4 corn, \$10 bean) and 50% of cash flow value

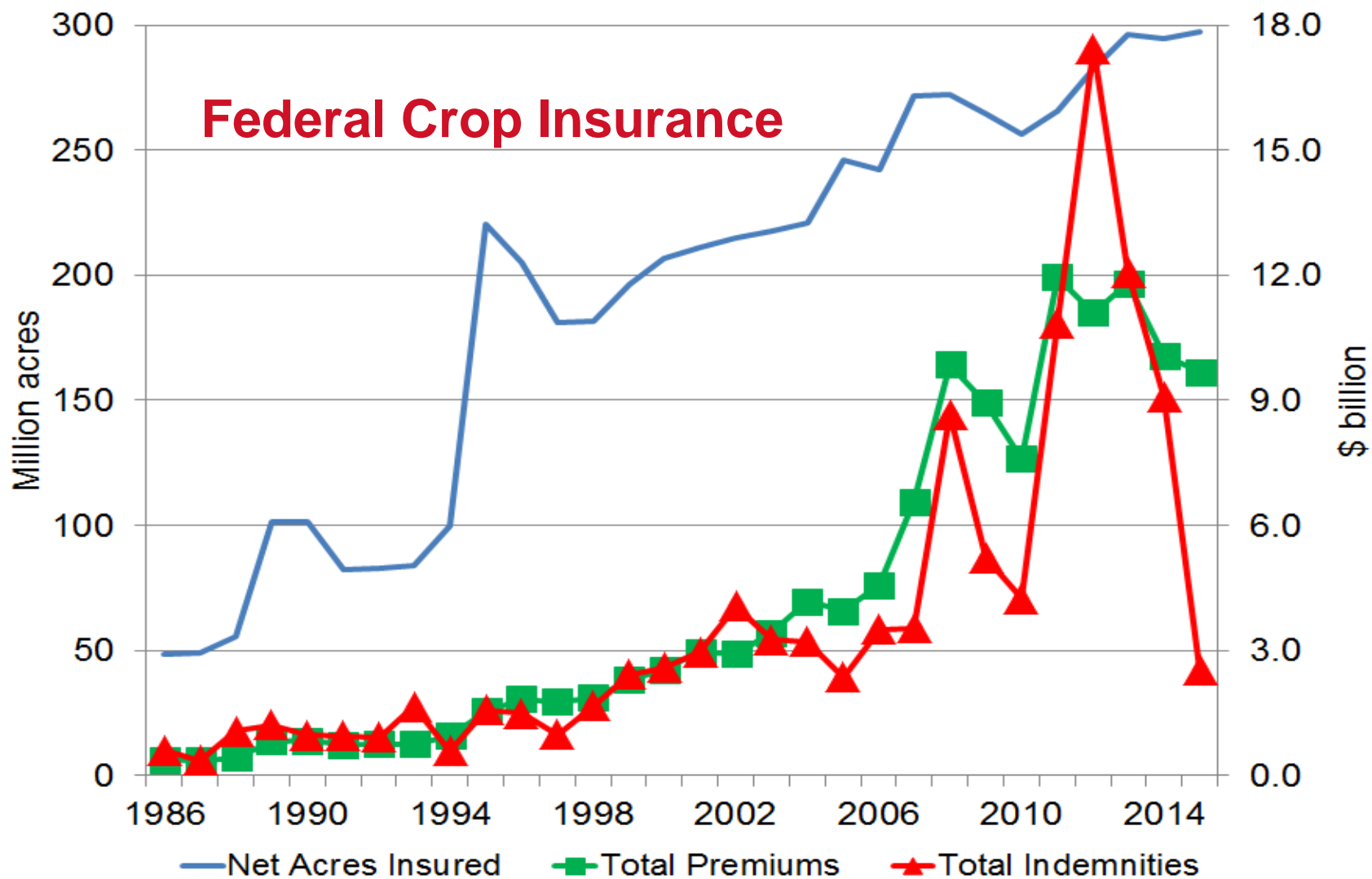
# Debt restructuring could make a difference, now, not in the 1980s

Annual Mortgage Payments vs. Rents



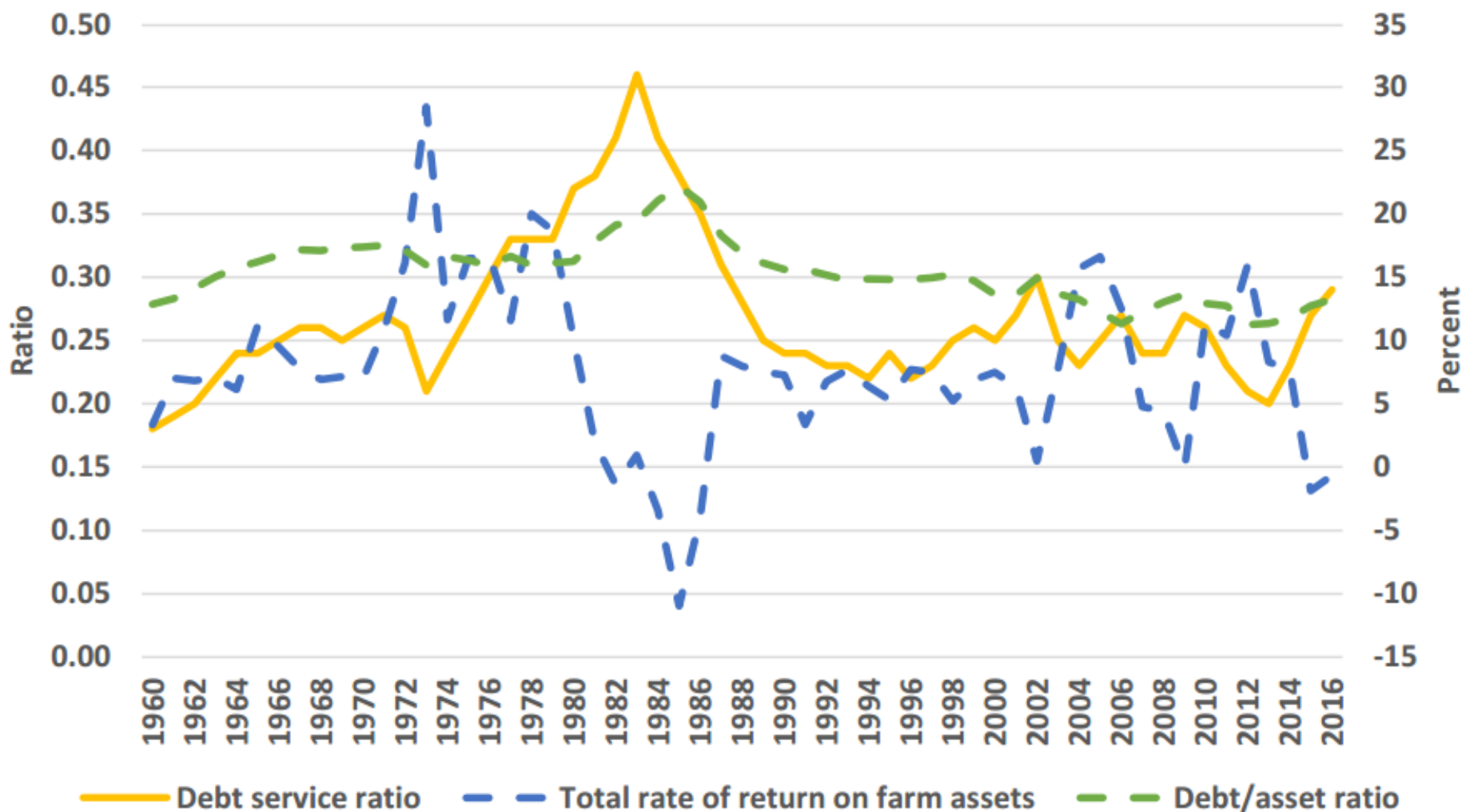


# Positive 4: Stronger Govn't Safety Net

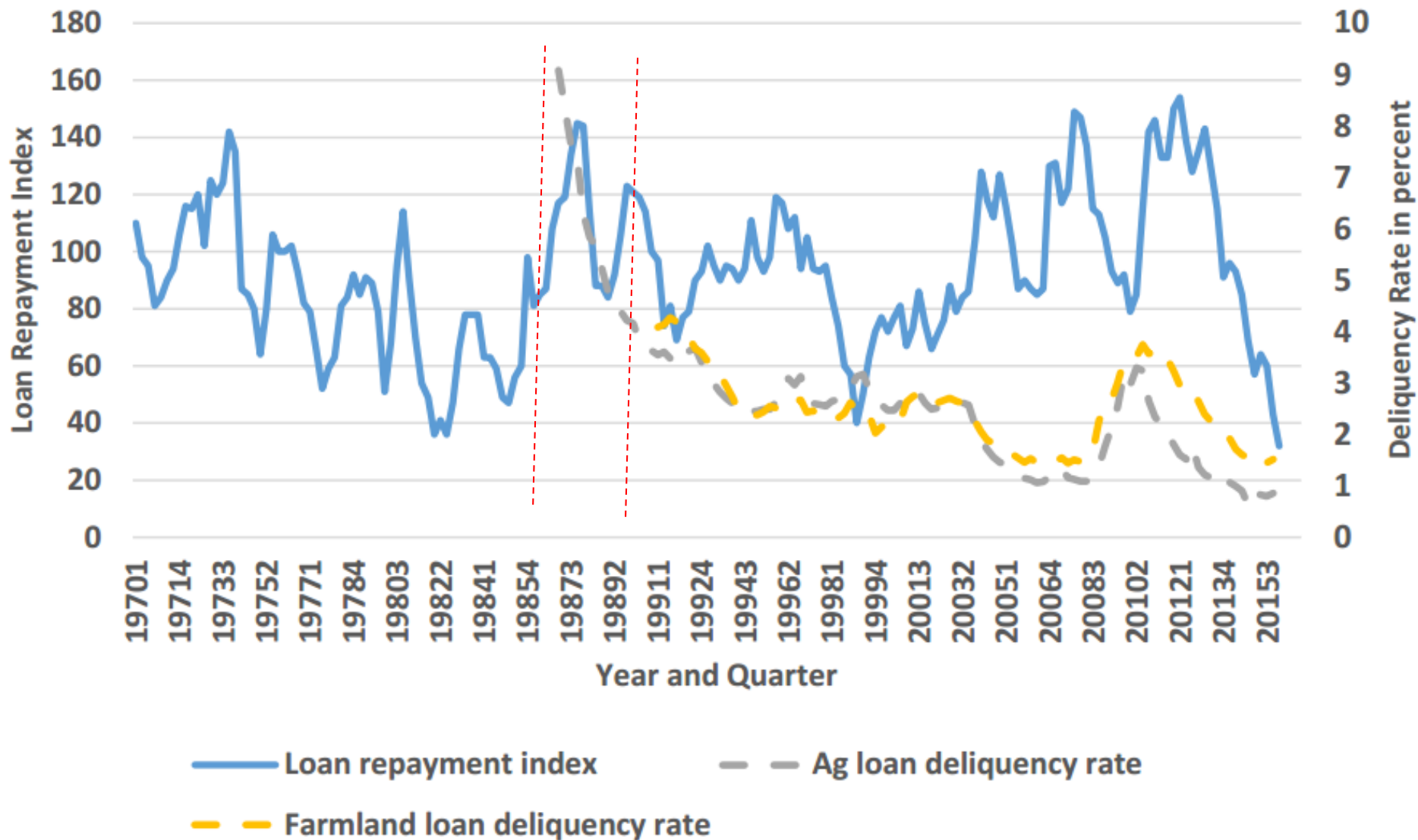


# Concern 1: Rising ag debt

Agricultural Financial Ratios for the US 1960-2016



# Loan Repayment Index vs. Loan Delinquency Rates 1970 - 2015



# Concern 1: Rising Ag Debt

## Debt to Asset Ratios – Iowa FBA (316 farms)

Jan 2015

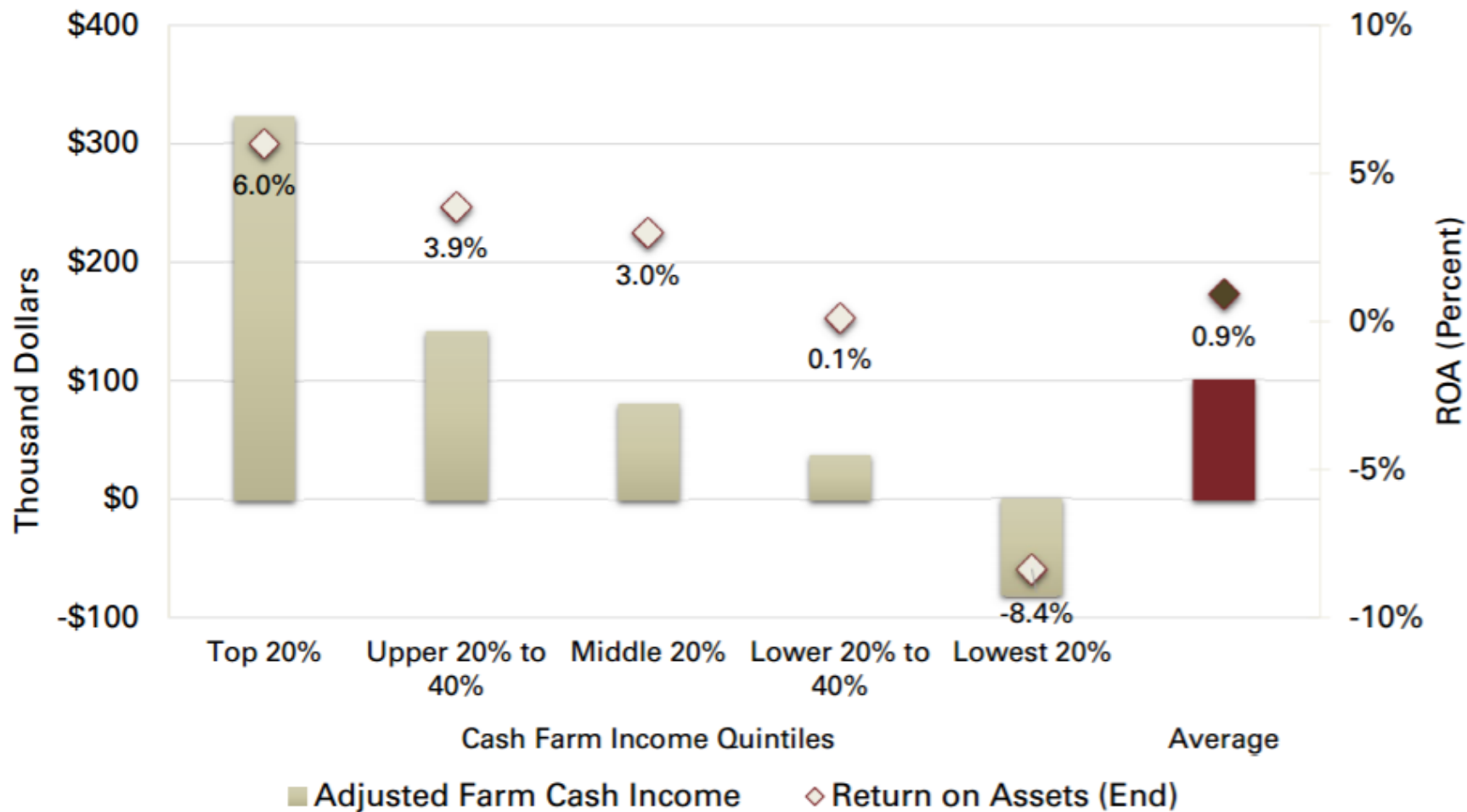
Dec 2015

|                           | % Farms | Avg DTA | % Farms | Avg DTA |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Vulnerable<br>(DTA > 60%) | 19      | 0.7     | 22.5    | 0.77    |
| Caution<br>(DTA: 30-60%)  | 38      | 0.4     | 37      | 0.44    |
| Strong<br>(DTA <30%)      | 44      | 0.1     | 40.5    | 0.15    |



# Concern 1: Rising Ag Debt

**Figure 1. 2015 Adjusted farm cash income (AFCI) and return on assets (ROA), by AFCI Quintiles**



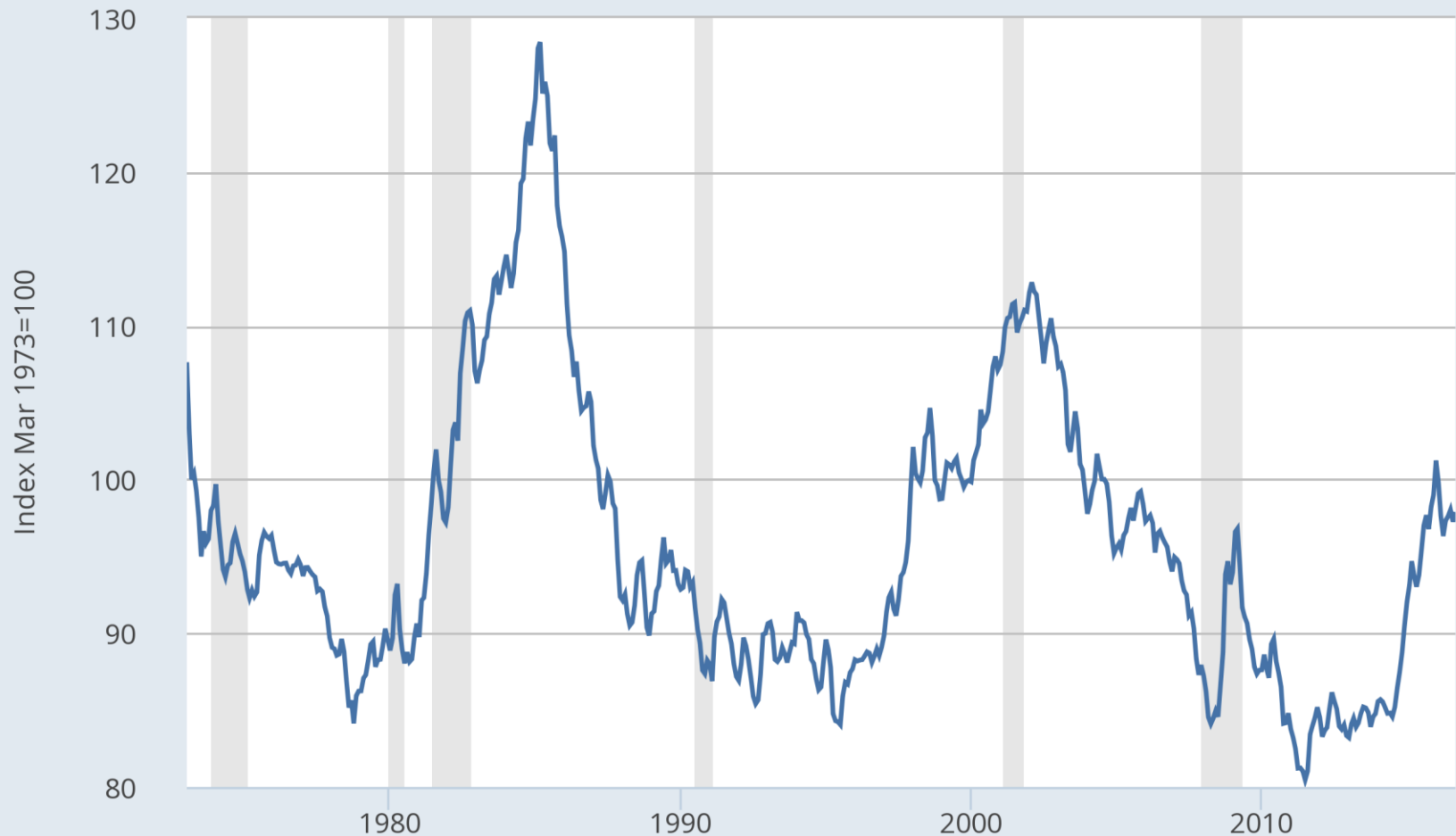
# Concern 2: More Reliance on Ag Exports and World Economy

|           | Ag Exports<br>(\$ bn) | Ag Exports /<br>Ag<br>Production | Ag<br>Exports/US<br>Exports |
|-----------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1920s     | 1.94                  | 15%                              | 42%                         |
| 1980s     | 35.6                  | 23%                              | 11%                         |
| 2010-2016 | 133                   | 32%                              | 10.5%                       |

# Concern 2: More Reliance on Ag Exports and World Economy

**FRED** 

— Real Trade Weighted U.S. Dollar Index: Broad



Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (US)

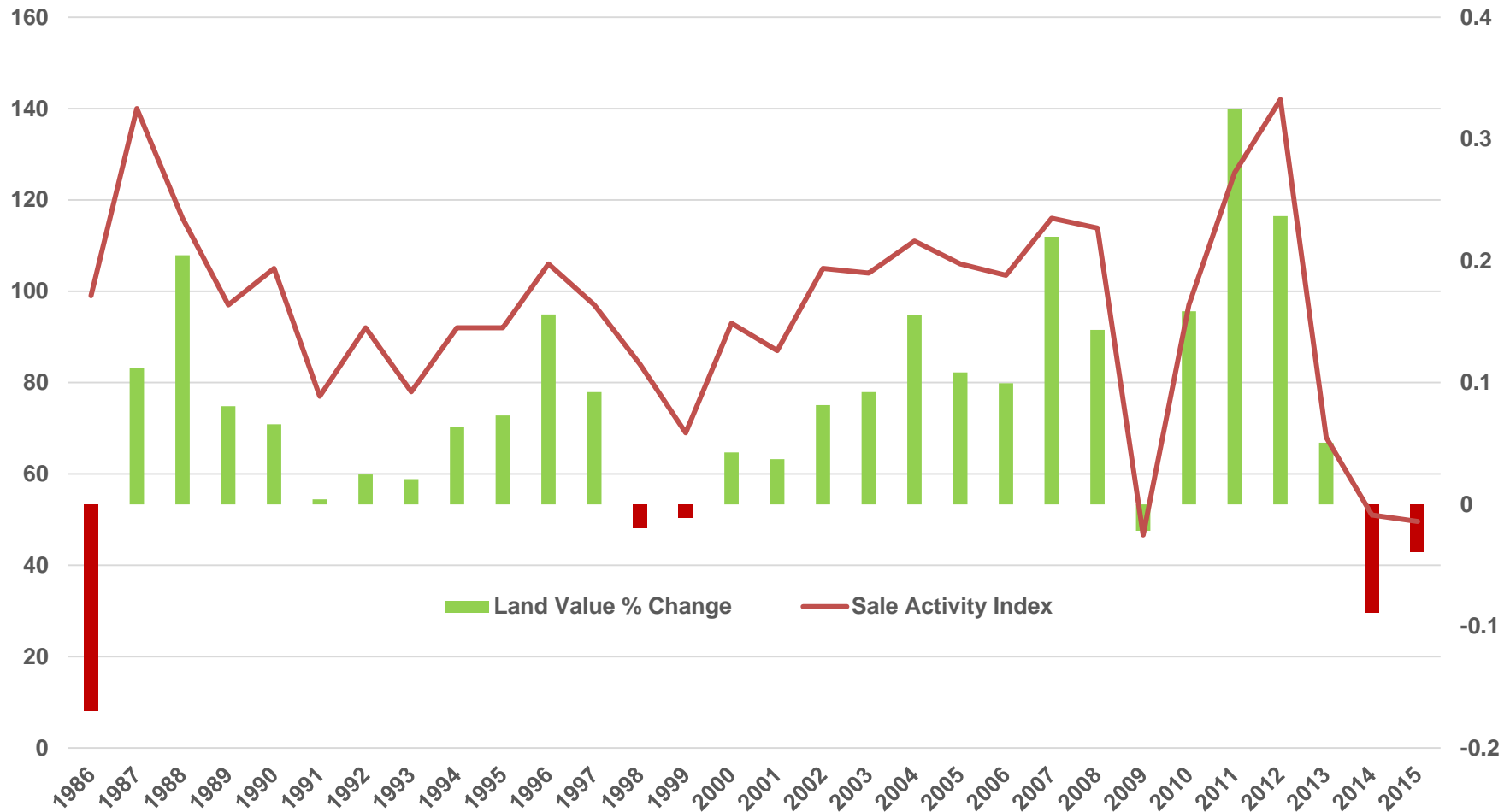
[fred.stlouisfed.org](https://fred.stlouisfed.org)

[myfred.org/g/7xsl](https://myfred.org/g/7xsl)

# Concern 3: Uncertainty in Farmland Supply

ISU Sale Activity Index and Percentage Change in Iowa Land Value

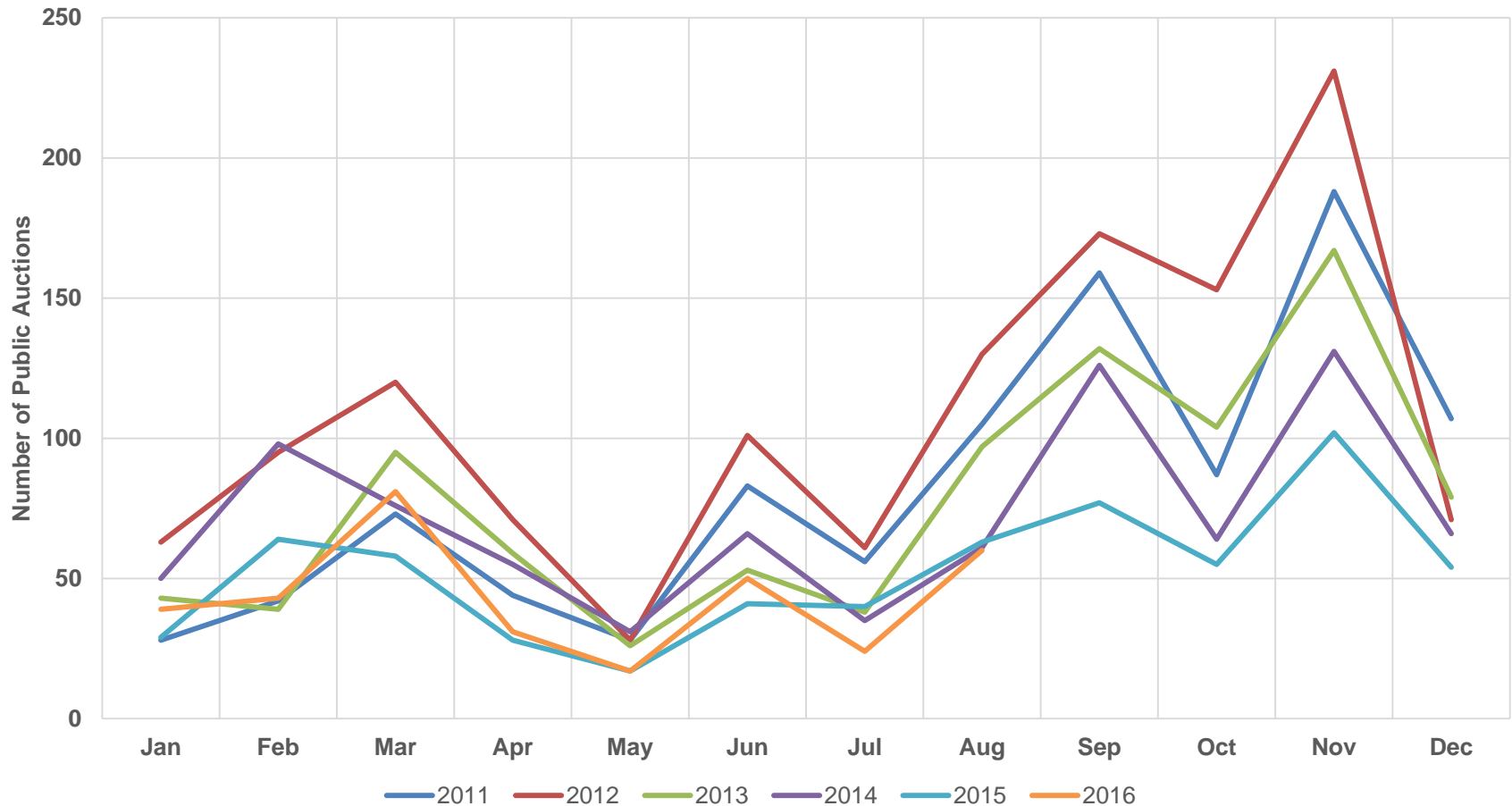
Sale activity index =  $(\% \text{ Reported More} - \% \text{ Reported Less}) * 100$





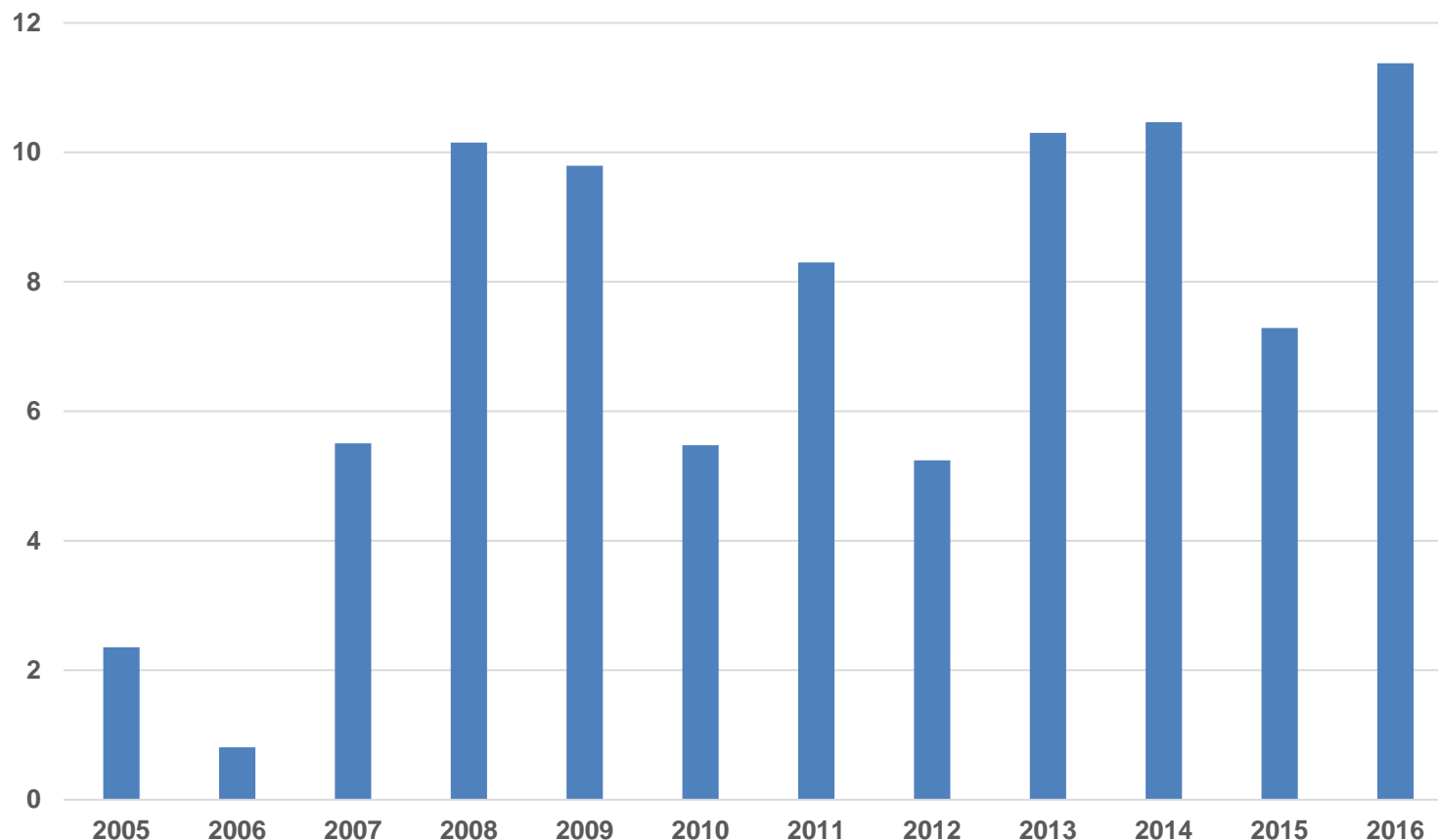
# Concern 3: Uncertainty in Farmland Supply

Number of Public Auctions by Month 2011-2016



# Concern 3: Uncertainty in Farmland Supply

Percent of No Sales in Iowa Public Auctions



# Farmland Values Predictions in the Next Year as of Nov 2015

| District      | Increase<br>5% or<br>more | Increase 0-<br>5% | Stay the<br>same | Decrease 0-<br>5% | Decrease 5-<br>10% | Decrease<br>10% or<br>more |
|---------------|---------------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| PERCENT       |                           |                   |                  |                   |                    |                            |
| Northwest     | 3                         | 9                 | 28               | 36                | 19                 | 6                          |
| North Central | 0                         | 2                 | 16               | 38                | 44                 | 2                          |
| Northeast     | 0                         | 2                 | 20               | 38                | 36                 | 5                          |
| West Central  | 2                         | 2                 | 22               | 44                | 26                 | 4                          |
| Central       | 0                         | 0                 | 13               | 48                | 33                 | 6                          |
| East Central  | 2                         | 2                 | 18               | 30                | 40                 | 9                          |
| Southwest     | 2                         | 2                 | 21               | 40                | 24                 | 10                         |
| South Central | 0                         | 3                 | 10               | 33                | 41                 | 13                         |
| Southeast     | 0                         | 0                 | 17               | 47                | 33                 | 3                          |
| IOWA          | 1                         | 3                 | 19               | 39                | 32                 | 6                          |

# Farmland Values Predictions in Five Years as of Nov 2015

| District      | Increase<br>5% or<br>more | Increase 0-<br>5% | Stay the<br>same | Decrease 0-<br>5% | Decrease<br>5-10% | Decrease<br>10% or<br>more |
|---------------|---------------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| PERCENT       |                           |                   |                  |                   |                   |                            |
| Northwest     | 16                        | 18                | 20               | 16                | 16                | 14                         |
| North Central | 16                        | 12                | 10               | 17                | 22                | 22                         |
| Northeast     | 7                         | 22                | 15               | 10                | 22                | 24                         |
| West Central  | 20                        | 20                | 16               | 14                | 16                | 12                         |
| Central       | 22                        | 21                | 19               | 8                 | 19                | 11                         |
| East Central  | 9                         | 19                | 17               | 19                | 19                | 19                         |
| Southwest     | 18                        | 15                | 21               | 10                | 13                | 23                         |
| South Central | 12                        | 12                | 15               | 12                | 32                | 18                         |
| Southeast     | 6                         | 14                | 26               | 14                | 17                | 23                         |
| IOWA          | 14                        | 17                | 17               | 14                | 19                | 18                         |



# Conclusion

- Farmland market and ag sector will continue to soften, probably in a long slow process as in the 1920s, but now farmers are better suited to weather it out
- But unlikely to have as widespread and sudden collapse as in the 1980s
- Beginning farmers with high leverage, rented acres and higher prod/family expenses might get hit harder

# Thank You!

**Wendong Zhang**

Assistant Professor and Extension Economist

478C Heady Hall

Iowa State University

515-294-2536

[wdzhang@iastate.edu](mailto:wdzhang@iastate.edu)

<http://www2.econ.iastate.edu/faculty/zhang>

[www.card.iastate.edu/farmland/](http://www.card.iastate.edu/farmland/)

# **A New, Interactive Iowa Farmland Value Portal**

**<http://card.iastate.edu/farmland/>**

# Iowa Farmland Value Portal

<http://card.iastate.edu/farmland>



IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY  
Extension and Outreach

## Iowa Farmland Value Portal <sup>BETA</sup>

Your One-Stop Web-Portal for Everything You Need to Know about Iowa's Farmland Value

[2015 Results](#) [Charts](#) [Interactive County Maps](#) [Downloads](#) [Resources](#) [Archive](#)

Select a county or district:

Select result format: ☒ dollar value ☐ annual percentage change ☐ farmland value indexes (state only)

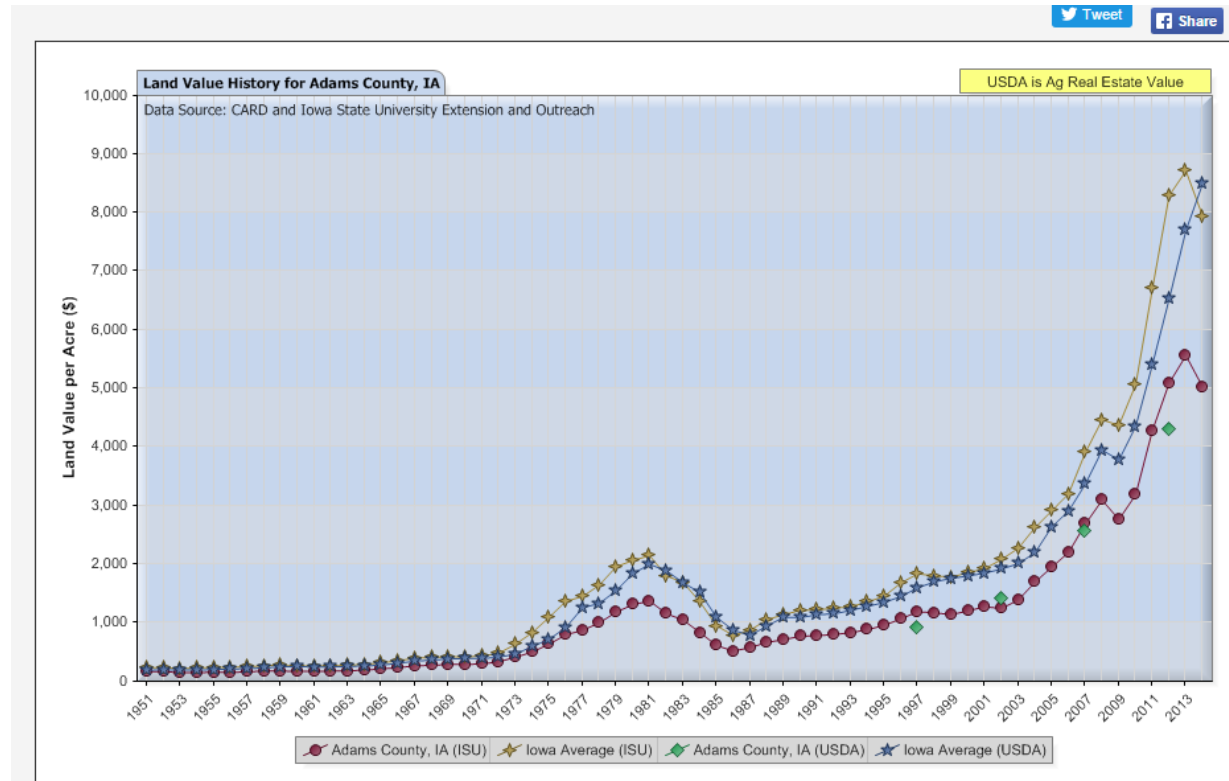
Select data sources: ☒ ISU Iowa Land Value Survey ☐ USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service  
☐ REALTORS Land Institute ☐ Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago

Years:  through

☐ Show Values

☐ Show Iowa Average ☐ Show District Average

# Iowa Farmland Value Portal



<http://card.iastate.edu/farmland>

**Iowa Farmland  
Value Portal**  
**[www.card.iastate.edu/  
farmland](http://www.card.iastate.edu/farmland)**

